

COMMISSION IMPLEMENTING DECISION (EU) 2019/1306**of 26 July 2019****renewing the authorisation for the placing on the market of products containing, consisting of or produced from genetically modified maize 1507 × NK603 (DAS-Ø15Ø7-1 × MON-ØØ6Ø3-6) pursuant to Regulation (EC) No 1829/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council***(notified under document C(2019) 5503)***(Only the Dutch and French texts are authentic)****(Text with EEA relevance)**

THE EUROPEAN COMMISSION,

Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union,

Having regard to Regulation (EC) No 1829/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 22 September 2003 on genetically modified food and feed ⁽¹⁾, and in particular to Articles 11(3) and 23(3) thereof,

Whereas:

- (1) Commission Decision 2007/703/EC ⁽²⁾ authorised the placing on the market of food and feed containing, consisting of, or produced from genetically modified maize 1507 × NK603 (hereinafter ‘maize 1507 × NK603’). The scope of that authorisation also covers the placing on the market of products, other than food and feed, containing or consisting of maize 1507 × NK603 for the same uses as any other maize with the exception of cultivation.
- (2) On 20 October 2016, Pioneer Overseas Corporation, on behalf of Pioneer Hi-Bred International, Inc., and Dow AgroSciences Europe, on behalf of Dow AgroSciences LLC, jointly submitted to the Commission an application, in accordance with Articles 11 and 23 of Regulation (EC) No 1829/2003, for the renewal of that authorisation.
- (3) On 25 July 2018, the European Food Safety Authority (‘the Authority’) issued a favourable opinion ⁽³⁾ in accordance with Articles 6 and 18 of Regulation (EC) No 1829/2003. It concluded that the renewal application did not contain evidence for new hazards, modified exposure or scientific uncertainties that would change the conclusions of the original risk assessment on maize 1507 × NK603, adopted by the Authority in 2006 ⁽⁴⁾.
- (4) In its opinion of 25 July 2018, the Authority considered all the questions and concerns raised by the Member States in the context of the consultation of the national competent authorities as provided for in Articles 6(4) and 18(4) of Regulation (EC) No 1829/2003.
- (5) The Authority also concluded that the monitoring plan for the environmental effects, consisting of a general surveillance plan, submitted by the applicants, is in line with the intended uses of the products.
- (6) Taking into account those conclusions, the authorisation for the placing on the market of food and feed containing, consisting of or produced from genetically modified maize 1507 × NK603 and of products consisting of it or containing it for other uses than food or feed, with the exception of cultivation, should be renewed.

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 268, 18.10.2003, p. 1.⁽²⁾ Commission Decision 2007/703/EC of 24 October 2007 authorising the placing on the market of products containing, consisting of, or produced from genetically modified maize 1507×NK603 (DAS-Ø15Ø7-1×MON-ØØ6Ø3-6) pursuant to Regulation (EC) No 1829/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council (OJ L 285, 31.10.2007, p. 47).⁽³⁾ EFSA GMO Panel 2018. Scientific Opinion on the assessment of genetically modified maize 1507 × NK603 for renewal of authorisation under Regulation (EC) No 1829/2003 (application EFSA-GMO-RX-008). *EFSA Journal* 2018;16(7): 5347.⁽⁴⁾ Opinion of the Scientific Panel on Genetically Modified Organisms on an application (Reference EFSA-GMO-UK-2004-05) for the placing on the market of insect-protected and glufosinate and glyphosate-tolerant genetically modified maize 1507 × NK603, for food and feed uses, import and processing under Regulation (EC) No 1829/2003 from Pioneer Hi-Bred and Mycogen Seeds. *The EFSA Journal* 2006;4(5): 355.

- (7) By letter dated 13 September 2018, Dow AgroSciences Europe requested the Commission, in the context of the withdrawal of the United Kingdom from the European Union, that the representative in the Union of Dow AgroSciences LLC, United States, should be Dow AgroSciences Distribution S.A.S., based in France. By letter dated 7 September 2018, Dow AgroSciences Distribution S.A.S confirmed its agreement.
- (8) By letter dated 12 October 2018, Dow AgroSciences LLC also confirmed its agreement to be represented by Dow AgroSciences Distribution S.A.S. and clarified that Mycogen Seeds is a subsidiary of Dow AgroSciences LLC.
- (9) A unique identifier has been assigned to genetically modified maize 1507 × NK603, in accordance with Commission Regulation (EC) No 65/2004 ⁽⁵⁾, in the context of its initial authorisation. That unique identifier should continue to be used.
- (10) On the basis of the opinion of the Authority, no specific labelling requirements, other than those provided for in Articles 13(1) and 25(2) of Regulation (EC) No 1829/2003 and in Article 4(6) of Regulation (EC) No 1830/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council ⁽⁶⁾, appear to be necessary for the products covered by this Decision. However, in order to ensure that the use of products containing or consisting of maize 1507 × NK603 remains within the limits of the authorisation granted by this Decision, the labelling of such products, with the exception of food products, should contain a clear indication that they are not intended for cultivation.
- (11) The authorisation holders should submit joint annual reports on the implementation and on the results of the activities set out in the monitoring plan. Those results should be presented in accordance with the requirements laid down in Commission Decision 2009/770/EC ⁽⁷⁾.
- (12) The opinion of the Authority does not justify the imposition of specific conditions or restrictions for the placing on the market, for the use and handling, including post-market monitoring requirements regarding the consumption of the food and feed, or for the protection of particular ecosystems/environment or geographical areas, as provided for in Articles 6(5)(e) and 18(5)(e) of Regulation (EC) No 1829/2003.
- (13) All relevant information on the authorisation of the products should be entered in the Community register of genetically modified food and feed referred to in Article 28(1) of Regulation (EC) No 1829/2003.
- (14) This Decision is to be notified through the Biosafety Clearing-House to the Parties to the Cartagena Protocol on Biosafety to the Convention on Biological Diversity, pursuant to Articles 9(1) and 15(2)(c) of Regulation (EC) No 1946/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council ⁽⁸⁾.
- (15) The Standing Committee on Plants, Animals, Food and Feed has not delivered an opinion within the time limit laid down by its Chairman. This implementing act was deemed to be necessary and the chair submitted it to the appeal committee for further deliberation. The appeal committee did not deliver an opinion,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

Article 1

Genetically modified organism and unique identifier

Genetically modified maize (*Zea mays* L.) 1507 × NK603, as specified in point (b) of the Annex to this Decision, is assigned the unique identifier DAS-Ø15Ø7-1 × MON-ØØ6Ø3-6, in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 65/2004.

⁽⁵⁾ Commission Regulation (EC) No 65/2004 of 14 January 2004 establishing a system for the development and assignment of unique identifiers for genetically modified organisms (OJ L 10, 16.1.2004, p. 5).

⁽⁶⁾ Regulation (EC) No 1830/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 22 September 2003 concerning the traceability and labelling of genetically modified organisms and the traceability of food and feed products produced from genetically modified organisms and amending Directive 2001/18/EC (OJ L 268, 18.10.2003, p. 24).

⁽⁷⁾ Commission Decision 2009/770/EC of 13 October 2009 establishing standard reporting formats for presenting the monitoring results of the deliberate release into the environment of genetically modified organisms, as or in products, for the purpose of placing on the market, pursuant to Directive 2001/18/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council (OJ L 275, 21.10.2009, p. 9).

⁽⁸⁾ Regulation (EC) No 1946/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 July 2003 on transboundary movements of genetically modified organisms (OJ L 287, 5.11.2003, p. 1).

*Article 2***Renewal of the authorisation**

The authorisation for the placing on the market of the following products is renewed in accordance with the conditions set out in this Decision:

- (a) foods and food ingredients containing, consisting of, or produced from genetically modified maize 1507 × NK603;
- (b) feed containing, consisting of, or produced from genetically modified maize 1507 × NK603;
- (c) products containing or consisting of genetically modified maize 1507 × NK603 for uses other than those provided for in points (a) and (b) of this Article, with the exception of cultivation.

*Article 3***Labelling**

1. For the purposes of the labelling requirements laid down in Articles 13(1) and 25(2) of Regulation (EC) No 1829/2003 and in Article 4(6) of Regulation (EC) No 1830/2003, the 'name of the organism' shall be 'maize'.
2. The words 'not for cultivation' shall appear on the label of and in the documents accompanying the products containing or consisting of genetically modified maize 1507 × NK603, with the exception of products referred to in point (a) of Article 2.

*Article 4***Method for detection**

The method set out in point (d) of the Annex shall apply for the detection of genetically modified maize 1507 × NK603.

*Article 5***Monitoring plan for environmental effects**

1. The authorisation holders shall ensure that the monitoring plan for environmental effects, as set out in point (h) of the Annex, is put in place and implemented.
2. The authorisation holders shall submit to the Commission joint annual reports on the implementation and the results of the activities set out in the monitoring plan in accordance with the format set out in Decision 2009/770/EC.

*Article 6***Community register**

The information set out in the Annex to this Decision shall be entered in the Community register of genetically modified food and feed, as referred to in Article 28(1) of Regulation (EC) No 1829/2003.

*Article 7***Authorisation holders**

1. The authorisation holders shall be:
 - (a) Pioneer Hi-Bred International, Inc., United States, represented by Pioneer Overseas Corporation, Belgium; and
 - (b) Dow AgroSciences LLC, United States, represented by Dow AgroSciences Distribution S.A.S., France.
2. Both authorisation holders shall be responsible for fulfilling the duties imposed on authorisation holders by this Decision and Regulation (EC) No 1829/2003.

*Article 8***Validity**

This Decision shall apply for a period of 10 years from the date of its notification.

*Article 9***Addressees**

This Decision is addressed to:

- (a) Pioneer Overseas Corporation, Avenue des Arts 44, 1040 Brussels, Belgium; and
- (b) Dow AgroSciences Distribution S.A.S., 6, rue Jean Pierre Timbaud, 78180 Montigny le Bretonneux, France.

Done at Brussels, 26 July 2019.

For the Commission
Vytenis ANDRIUKAITIS
Member of the Commission

ANNEX

(a) Applicants and authorisation holders:

Name: Pioneer Hi-Bred International, Inc.

Address: 7100 NW 62nd Avenue, P.O. Box 1014, Johnston, IA 50131-1014, United States

Represented by: Pioneer Overseas Corporation, Avenue des Arts, 44, 1040 Brussels, Belgium;

and

Name: Dow AgroSciences LLC

Address: 9330 Zionsville Road, Indianapolis, IN 46268-1054, United States

Represented by: Dow AgroSciences Distribution S.A.S., 6, rue Jean Pierre Timbaud, 78180 Montigny le Bretonneux, France.

(b) Designation and specification of the products:

- (1) foods and food ingredients containing, consisting of or produced from genetically modified maize 1507 × NK603;
- (2) feed containing, consisting of or produced from genetically modified maize 1507 × NK603;
- (3) products containing or consisting of genetically modified maize 1507 × NK603 for uses other than those provided for in points (1) and (2), with the exception of cultivation.

The genetically modified maize 1507 × NK603 expresses the *cry1F* gene, which confers protection against certain lepidopteran pests, the *pat* gene, which confers tolerance to glufosinate-ammonium based herbicides, and the *cp4 epsps* gene, which confers tolerance to glyphosate based herbicides.

(c) Labelling:

- (1) For the purposes of the labelling requirements laid down in Articles 13(1) and 25(2) of Regulation (EC) No 1829/2003, and in Article 4(6) of Regulation (EC) No 1830/2003, the 'name of the organism' shall be 'maize'.
- (2) The words 'not for cultivation' shall appear on the label of and in the documents accompanying the products containing or consisting of genetically modified maize 1507 × NK603, with the exception of products referred to in point (b)(1) of this Annex.

(d) Method for detection:

- (1) Event specific real-time quantitative PCR based methods for genetically modified maize DAS-Ø15Ø7-1 and maize MON-ØØ6Ø3-6 validated on maize DAS-Ø15Ø7-1 × MON-ØØ6Ø3-6.
- (2) Validated by the EU reference laboratory established under Regulation (EC) No 1829/2003, published at <http://gmo-crl.jrc.ec.europa.eu/StatusOfDossiers.aspx>
- (3) Reference Material: ERM®-BF418 (for DAS-Ø15Ø7-1) and ERM®-BF415 (for MON-ØØ6Ø3-6) accessible via the Joint Research Centre (JRC) of the European Commission at <https://ec.europa.eu/jrc/en/reference-materials/catalogue/>

(e) Unique identifier:

DAS-Ø15Ø7-1 × MON-ØØ6Ø3-6

(f) Information required under Annex II to the Cartagena Protocol on Biosafety to the Convention on Biological Diversity:

[Biosafety Clearing-House, Record ID number: *published in the register of genetically modified food and feed when notified*].

(g) Conditions or restrictions on the placing on the market, use or handling of the products:

Not required.

(h) **Monitoring plan for environmental effects:**

Monitoring plan for environmental effects in accordance with Annex VII to Directive 2001/18/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council ⁽¹⁾.

[Link: *plan published in the register of genetically modified food and feed*]

(i) **Post-market monitoring requirements for the use of the food for human consumption:**

Not required.

Note: links to relevant documents may need to be modified over time. Those modifications will be made available to the public via the updating of the register of genetically modified food and feed.

⁽¹⁾ Directive 2001/18/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 12 March 2001 on the deliberate release into the environment of genetically modified organisms and repealing Council Directive 90/220/EEC (OJ L 106, 17.4.2001, p. 1).